

READING CREATIVE TEXTS

60 mins (25% GCSE) - One literary fiction text. 4 questions.

QUESTION ONE

LIST 4 things in lines

- 4 marks = 5 mins
- Extract referred to but not re-printed
- AO1 - Locate

To answer:

- Read and highlight key words in the question
- Don't quote
- Don't use the word 'and'
- Write four short points in spaces A-D for 4 marks

Top tips:

This is not a trick question. It is easy. Be brief but accurate. Re-read the correct lines from the text.

QUESTION TWO

How does the writer use LANGUAGE to.....?

- 8 marks = 15mins
- Extract re-printed on your answer page.
- Bullet points guide your answer
- AO2 – Language

To answer:

- Read and highlight key words in the question
- Pick your quotes first then consider devices
- Point (name writer)/Quote/Device/Effect
- DON'T DISCUSS STRUCTURE
- DO LOOK AT SENTENCE FORMS (simple/compound/complex)

Top tips:

Pick out individual words afterwards and discuss their effect (not meaning). When you pick out a word/device you need to underline or re-quote it – so the examiners knows you know which word is the 'verb' etc. Think of squeezing or wringing the last drop of meaning from a passage. Track through the extract from start to finish.

QUESTION THREE

How has the writer STRUCUTRED the text to...?

- 8 marks = 15mins
- You will need to consider the WHOLE text.
- Bullet points guide your answer
- AO2 - Structure

To answer:

- Read and highlight key words in the question
- Consider the sequence through a passage (introduction, development, summary and conclusion. Maybe also: contrast, flashback/forwards, repetitions, threads patterns or motifs).
- Consider changes in ideas and perspectives (changing focus from wide to narrow, place to place, outside to inside (and vice versa).
- Consider coherence, (connections and links across paragraphs, links within paragraphs, topic sentences.)

Top Tips:

.Comment in the writer's techniques like a film makers using phrases like: focusing, zooming, narrowing, widening, introducing, developing, changing focus, concluding, foreshadowing, contrasting. E.G. 'We start to see things through the father's eyes as if we are searching with him' or 'We go from a wide viewpoint to a close-up focus if we are getting inside the father's mind'

QUESTION FOUR

Statement written. How far do you AGREE?

- 20 marks = 25 mins
- Bullet points guide your answer
- AO4 – Evaluate

To answer:

- Read and highlight key words in the question
- Agree with the statement. The text IS well written.
- Two stages: recognising how the writer tries to achieve effects and deciding how effectively this has been done.
- Use phrases like: This makes the reader identify with the character because/ the impact of this description is.../ This works because we think/feel.../ This phrases indicates / The contrast used makes the reader....

Top Tips:

Leave enough time to cover the whole text. Consider HOW much you agree (a little or a lot). Look at specifics within the statement, not just the statement as a whole.) Could compare within a text.

The Mark Scheme

Language

Bands 1-4	4 – DETAILED. PERCEPTIVE 3 - CLEAR, RELEVANT 2 - SOME, ATTEMPTS 1 – SIMPLE, LIMITED	Pronouns
		Direct speech
		Terms of address
		Noun phrase
Q1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Reads with understandingIdentifies explicit information.	Subordinate/ main cause
Q2/3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Analyses the effects of writer's choicesWell-judged quotationsSophisticated subject terminology	Narrative voice
Q4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Same as Q2/3Evaluates (judges the effectiveness of) the text in a detailed way	Simple/compound /complex sentences
		Accent /Dialect

Basics & Stretch Yourself

Know your basics	Verb/adverb/adjective/ simile/metaphor/question/ alliteration/ onomatopoeia/5 senses/listing/personification/ repetition	Utterances
Reach for the stars	Give one sentence overview for each question, identifying patters - use the word 'main' or 'key'/Embed quotations/ Look at the bigger picture – not just individual quotes/ Consider genre and form/narrative voice/be /use terms: implies/ illuminates/	Ellipsis
		1 st /3 rd person
		Hyperbole
		Imperatives
		Exclamations
		Narrative perspective

Assessment Objectives (AOs)

AO1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Identify and interpret explicit and implicit information and ideas.Select and synthesise evidence from different texts.	Structure
AO2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Explain, comment on and analyse how writers use language and structure to achieve effects and influence readersUse relevant subject terminology to support views.	Flash-forward
		Flash-backward
AO4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Evaluate texts critically and support this with appropriate textual references.	Topic sentence
		Narrowing focus
		Widening focus
		Foreshadowing
		Contrast/ juxtaposition
		Zooming